### List One:

Create a simple sentence using the following vocabulary words. A simple sentence has one subject and one verb. It is known as an Independent Clause because it can stand alone. It will never include a dependent clause but can have compound subjects, compound verbs and/or direct objects.

#### Examples:

Tom reads novels.

Tom reads newspapers.

Tom reads novels and newspapers. (compound direct object)

Tom reads and enjoys novels. (compound verb)

Tom and Harry read novels. (compound subject)

Tom and Harry read and enjoy novels and newspapers. (compound subject, verb, direct object)

- 1. adversary (n) someone who offers opposition
- 2. aplomb (n) great coolness and composure under strain
- 3. apprehensive (adj) in fear or dread of possible evil or harm
- 4. aptitude (n) inherent ability
- 5. attentive (adj) taking heed
- 6. banish (v) send away from a place of residence, as for punishment
- 7. barricade (v) block off with barriers
- 8. bluff (v) frighten someone by pretending to be stronger than one is
- 9. brackish (adj) slightly salty
- 10. brandish (v) move or swing back and forth

### List Two:

Create a compound sentence using each of the vocabulary words below. A COMPOUND SENTENCE has two independent clauses joined by

- A. a coordinating conjunction (for, and, nor, but, or, yet, so),
- B. a conjunctive adverb (e.g. however, therefore), or
- C. a semicolon alone.

#### Examples (to match A, B, and C above):

- A. Tom reads novels, but Jack reads comics.
- B. Tom reads novels; however, Jack reads comics.
- C. Tom reads novels; his friend reads comics.
- 11. circumference (n) the size of something as given by the distance around it
- 12. commotion (n) confused movement
- 13. concoction (n) any foodstuff made by combining different ingredients
- 14. conspicuous (adj) obvious to the eye or mind
- 15. contortion (n) a tortuous and twisted shape or position
- 16. counter (v) speak in response
- 17. cunning (adj) shrewdness as demonstrated by being skilled in deception
- 18. debris (n) the remains of something that has been destroyed
- 19. defiance (n) a hostile challenge
- 20. deft (adj) skillful in physical movements; especially of the hands

### List Three:

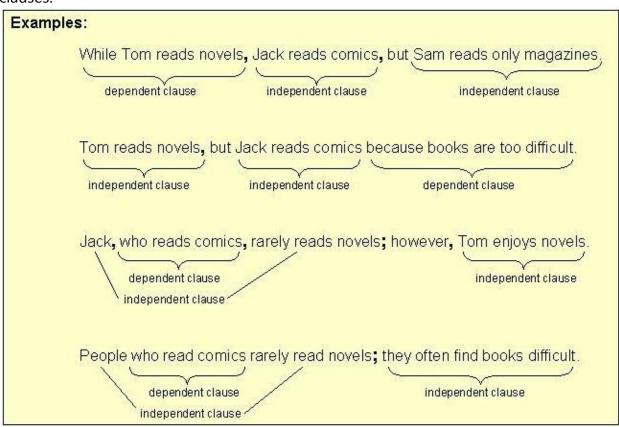
Use the following vocabulary words in a complex sentence. A COMPLEX SENTENCE has one dependent clause (headed by a subordinating conjunction or a relative pronoun) joined to an independent clause.

#### Examples:

- A. Although Tom reads novels, Jack reads comics.
- B. Jack reads comics although Tom reads novels.
- C. Jack Smith, who reads comics, rarely reads novels.
- D. People who read comics rarely read novels.
- 21. destination (n) the place designated as the end, as of a race or journey
- 22. diminish (v) decrease in size, extent, or range
- 23. disdain (n) lack of respect accompanied by a feeling of intense dislike
- 24. dismal (adj) causing dejection
- 25. dispel (v) force to go away
- 26. eavesdrop (v) listen without the speaker's knowledge
- 27. egregious (adj) conspicuously and outrageously bad or reprehensible
- 28. ember (n) a hot, smoldering fragment of wood left from a fire
- 29. emerge (v) come out into view, as from concealment
- 30. engross (v) consume all of one's attention or time

### List Four:

Use the following vocabulary in a compound/complex sentence. A COMPOUND-COMPLEX SENTENCE has two independent clauses joined to one or more dependent clauses.



- 31. exasperation (n) a feeling of annoyance
- 32. exhilarate (v) fill with sublime emotion
- 33. falter (v) move hesitatingly, as if about to give way
- 34. foresight (n) seeing ahead; knowing in advance; foreseeing
- 35. fragrance (n) a distinctive odor that is pleasant
- 36. furtive (adj) secret and sly or sordid
- 37. grueling (adj) characterized by effort to the point of exhaustion
- 38. gusto (n) vigorous and enthusiastic enjoyment
- 39. habitation (n) the act of dwelling in or living permanently in a place
- 40. hasten (v) speed up the progress of; facilitate

### List Five:

Practice using the adverbial clause openers for the following 10 vocabulary words. When, While, Where, As, Since, If, Although, & Because (www.asia.b). You must start your sentences with one of the adverbs listed.

- 41. headway (n) forward movement
- 42. ignite (v) cause to start burning
- 43. illuminate (v) make free from confusion or ambiguity
- 44. impending (adj) close in time; about to occur
- 45. imperious (adj) having or showing arrogant superiority to
- 46. jabber (v) talk in a noisy, excited, or declamatory manner
- 47. jargon (n) technical terminology characteristic of a particular subject
- 48. jostle (v) make one's way by pushing or shoving
- 49. jut (v) extend out or project in space
- 50. kindle (v) call forth, as an emotion, feeling, or response

### List Six:

For the following words, start your sentences with a Prepositional clause. Examples of prepositions are aboard, beside, above, across, among, toward, around, past, during, through, beyond, between, by, upon, within, against, opposite, below, about, and beneath. You are not limited to this list.

- 51. knoll (n) a small natural hill
- 52. luminous (adj) softly bright or radiant
- 53. malleable (adj) easily influenced
- 54. materialize (v) come into being; become reality
- 55. meander (v) to move or cause to move in a sinuous or circular course
- 56. meticulous (adj) marked by extreme care in treatment of details
- 57. misgiving (n) uneasiness about the fitness of an action
- 58. momentum (n) an impelling force or strength
- 59. monotonous (adj) sounded or spoken in a tone unvarying in pitch
- 60. multitude (n) a large indefinite number

### List Seven:

For the next list, start each sentence with a STRONG transitional opener. Examples of transitions to use: In the first place, As a matter of fact, In like manner, Coupled with, Consequently, Additionally, Furthermore, Thus, Equally, Likewise, Correspondingly, Comparatively, Similarly, Moreover, On the contrary, More importantly, To conclude, Whereas, and Seldom.

- 61. muster (v) gather or bring together
- 62. narrate (v) give a detailed account of
- 63. obscure (adj) not clearly understood or expressed
- 64. ominous (adj) threatening or foreshadowing evil or tragic developments
- 65. outlandish (adj) conspicuously or grossly unconventional or unusual
- 66. persistent (adj) stubbornly unyielding
- 67. pertinent (adj) having precise or logical relevance to the matter at hand
- 68. plenteous (adj) affording an abundant supply
- 69. potential (adj) existing in possibility
- 70. precipice (n) a very steep cliff

### List Eight:

Use these vocabulary words in a very short sentence. Max. words = 6.

- 71. pristine (adj) completely free from dirt or contamination
- 72. quell (v) overcome or allay
- 73. recluse (n) one who lives in solitude
- 74. recuperate (v) restore to good health or strength
- 75. replenish (v) fill something that had previously been emptied
- 76. repugnant (adj) offensive to the mind
- 77. restitution (n) a sum of money paid in compensation for loss or injury
- 78. sabotage (v) destroy property or hinder normal operations
- 79. scarcity (n) a small and inadequate amount
- 80. scurry (v) to move about or proceed hurriedly

### List Nine:

Create a unique story using all ten words. No minimum/maximum sentences.

- 81. serenity (n) the absence of mental stress or anxiety
- 82. sociable (adj) friendly and pleasant
- 83. somber (adj) grave or even gloomy in character
- 84. specimen (n) an example regarded as typical of its class
- 85. stamina (n) enduring strength and energy
- 86. subside (v) wear off or die down
- 87. swagger (n) a proud stiff pompous gait
- 88. swarm (n) move in large numbers
- 89. tactic (n) a plan for attaining a particular goal
- 90. terse (adj) brief and to the point

### List Ten:

FREE WRITE! Just use these words in any sentence (appropriately) you like!

- 91. translucent (adj) allowing light to pass through diffusely
- 92. uncanny (adj) surpassing the ordinary or normal
- 93. unsightly (adj) unpleasant to look at
- 94. versatile (adj) able to move freely in all directions
- 95. vigilant (adj) carefully observant or attentive
- 96. vulnerable (adj) capable of being wounded or hurt
- 97. waft (v) be driven or carried along, as by the air
- 98. waver (v) pause or hold back in uncertainty or unwillingness
- 99. weather (v) face and withstand with courage
- 100. zeal (n) a feeling of strong eagerness

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